## Table 1

| **Variable** | **N** | **Obs** | **Median** | **SD** | **Low** | **High** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Adult Outcomes: Psychosocial** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depression [sum score] | 528 | 670 | 40.0 | 7.1 | 23.0 | 62.0 |
| Conflicts [count] | 342 | 401 | 2.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 4.0 |
| Labor partners [count] a | 304 | 399 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 13.0 |
| Non-social problems [count] | 339 | 398 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 7.0 |
| Urinary cortisol [pg/ml] | 588 | 811 | 155,190.9 | 149,601.5 | 93.3 | 851,307.9 |
| **Adult Outcomes: Health** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BMI [kg/m2] b | 1,901 | 5,179 | 23.3 | 2.8 | 16.0 | 36.6 |
| Systolic blood pressure [mmHg] | 1,622 | 3,195 | 110.0 | 12.8 | 60.0 | 190.0 |
| Diastolic blood pressure [mmHg] | 1,622 | 3,195 | 70.0 | 10.0 | 24.0 | 136.0 |
| Self-rated health [scale] a | 1,307 | 2,523 | 4.0 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 5.0 |
| Total morbidity [count] c | 1,306 | 1,542 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 5.0 |
| Infections/parasites [yes/no] c | 1,306 | 1,542 | 25.2 |  |  |  |
| Respiratory disease [yes/no] c | 1,306 | 1,542 | 21.9 |  |  |  |
| Gastrointestinal [yes/no] c | 1,306 | 1,542 | 36.3 |  |  |  |
| **Adult Predictors** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age [years] | 1,931 | 5,383 | 35.0 | 15.1 | 16.0 | 91.0 |
| Sex [0=female, 1=male] | 1,931 | 5,383 | 46.2 |  |  |  |
| **Juvenile Outcomes: Health** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BMI [kg/m2] b | 1,765 | 4,747 | 16.6 | 2.1 | 10.2 | 27.6 |
| Total morbidity [count] c | 1,423 | 1,569 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 4.0 |
| Infections/parasites [yes/no] c | 1,423 | 1,569 | 13.6 |  |  |  |
| Respiratory disease [yes/no] c | 1,423 | 1,569 | 42.4 |  |  |  |
| Gastrointestinal [yes/no] c | 1,423 | 1,569 | 41.2 |  |  |  |
| **Juvenile Predictors** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age [years] | 1,772 | 4,783 | 7.0 | 4.1 | 0.0 | 15.0 |
| Sex [0=female, 1=male] | 1,772 | 4,783 | 49.6 |  |  |  |
| **Household Predictors** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Household size | 871 | 1,045 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 1.0 | 14.0 |
| Household wealth [Bs] | 871 | 1,045 | 7,675 | 5,675 | 386 | 56,664 |
| **Community Predictors** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Community size [Adults >15] | 40 | 55 | 72.0 | 81.2 | 27.0 | 346.0 |
| Distance to market town [km] | 40 | 55 | 43.0 | 44.2 | 5.0 | 140.0 |
| Mean community wealth [Bs] | 40 | 55 | 8,373 | 2,331 | 3,930 | 16,250 |
| Community wealth inequality [Gini] | 40 | 55 | 0.27 | 0.07 | 0.15 | 0.53 |
| a Reverse coded in analyses to make higher values worse outcomes. | | | | | | |
| b Whether higher or lower BMI is better is a bit ambiguous: in high-income countries higher BMI is associated with worse health, lower status and greater inequality, whereas in low-income countries the reverse may be true. | | | | | | |
| c see Supplementary Table S1 for an overview of the most common morbidities by category. | | | | | | |